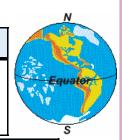


Where in the World?

Background Information

Year: 1
Term: Spring 1

In this topic, we will be navigating the hot and cold areas of the world, identifying where they are in relation to the Equator and the North and South Poles. We will discover about the variety of wildlife that can be found in these extreme parts of our planet, understanding their structure and diets.



Key Vocabulary	
Word	Meaning
animal	one of a large group of living things that can move around by themselves to find food.
mammal	An animal with fur or hair on its skin and a skeleton inside its body. Mammal mothers produce milk to feed their babies.
bird	An animal with two wings, two feet, and a body covered with feathers.
fish	An animal that lives in water and has fins for swimming and gills for breathing.
amphibian	A small animal that spends part of its life cycle in water and part of its life cycle on land.
reptile	An animal with a skeleton inside its body and dry scales or hard plates on its skin. Most lay eggs.
human	A person; human being. Humans are part of the group of mammals called primates.

Killer Facts!

- Know that there are hot and cold areas of the world.
- Know where the hot and cold areas of the world are in relation to the equator.
- Know that there are many different types of animals, including fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals.
- Know that common animals are carnivores, herbivores or omnivores.
- Know that common animals have different structures.

Africa

